



IRDR-Japan National Committee Report 2013/2014

IRDR-J is established in the Science Council of Japan (SCJ covers both ICSU and ISSC)

IRDR-Subcommittee Mainly consists of SCJ members (academia).

IRDR-Policy Subcommittee
Members are from central/local governments,
international development agencies, NGOs, etc.





"Large Scale Research Program on IRDR" was selected as a special priority research project (27projects were selected from all sectors in Japan).

SCJ will hold "Tokyo Conference on International Study for Disaster Risk Reduction and Resilience" in January 2015.

Co-hosted by UNISDR, IRDR, and University of Tokyo

"WCDRR preparation committee of GOJ"

Takashi ONISHI, Chair of SCJ Haruo HAYASHI, Vice Chair of IRDR-J were appointed committee member.





TRANS-DISCIPLENARY APPROACHES OF IRDR-JAPAN "Policy Sub-Committee, IRDR-J"

- * Councilor (Disaster Reduction Planning), Cabinet Office of Japan,
- * Councilor, Civil Protection and Disaster Management Department, Fire and Disaster Management Agency,
- * Director, Earthquake and Disaster-Reduction Research Department, Research and Development Bureau, Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology
- * Director, Planning Department, Water and Disaster Management Bureau, MLIT
- * Director General, Global Environment Department, JICA
- * Senior Disaster Risk Management Specialist, World Bank
- * Principal, ICHARM (Former Chief Secretariat of United Nations Secretary General's Advisory Board on Water and Sanitation) (Mr. Kenzo HIROKI)





TRANS-DISCIPLENARY APPROACHES OF IRDR-JAPAN "Tokyo Conference Sub-Committee"

- * Councilor (Disaster Reduction Dissemination), Cabinet Office of Japan
- * Director, International Relations Department, Water and Disaster Management Bureau, MLIT-
- * Executive Director, Water Agency of Japan (Mr. Satoru NISHIKAWA)
- * Principal, ICHARM (Former Chief Secretariat of United Nations Secretary General's Advisory Board on Water and Sanitation) (Mr. Kenzo HIROKI)

Draft Agenda

Day 1 (Wednesday, 14 January)

High Level Panel Session

Report: Takeshi Onishi, SCJ President

Moderator: Margareta Wahlström, UN ISDR UN Special Representative

Opening Ceremony

Keynote: Han Seung-Soo, UN Special Envoy

Gordon McBean, ICSU President

"Recovery from the Great East Japan Earthquake (GEJE) and Tsunami" Report: Makoto lokibe, Chair, GEJE Reconstruction Conference

Day 2 (Thursday, 15 January)

"Inter-Disciplinary Study Approach for Disaster Risk Reduction"

"Trans-Disciplinary Study Approach for Disaster Risk Reduction"

"Coordination with Environmental and Health"

Poster View

Day 3 (Friday, 16 January)

Panel Discussion on "Tokyo Recommendation" Closing Session Excursion

Tokyo Recommendation (draft bullets)

Towards a new science and technology to consolidate disaster risk reduction and sustainable development

Our key directions for addressing problems through solidarity towards building resilience

- Policy-makers and practitioners should be fully aware of the latest scientific knowledge on disasters, and be capable of utilizing those scientific findings.
- National platforms should be empowered as focal fora to incorporate science and technology into real practice.
- Science should play an important role in disaster risk reduction by developing collaborative frameworks with Earth environmental sciences and global Earth observations, thus promoting inter- and trans-disciplinary approaches for human well-being.
- National and local governments should improve their preparedness for better response and better recovery of households and communities.

Tokyo Recommendation (draft bullets) Towards a new science and technology to consolidate disaster risk reduction and sustainable development

Our findings and recommendation

- We need to adopt a common methodology on data collection and economic analysis of disasters which can be practiced by national platforms to realize evidence-based policy making on disaster risk reduction to be practiced globally.
- We need to enhance numerical pre-assessments of damage by various hazards based on inter-disciplinary knowledge to formulate preventive policies and strategies.
- We need to fully share these valuable "best practices" of disaster risk reduction that are based on scientific findings.

Tokyo Recommendation (draft bullets)

Towards a new science and technology to consolidate disaster risk reduction and sustainable development

Our proposals for concrete initiatives to be taken in cooperation with national and international stakeholders

- Governments need to empower national platforms so that they can practice evidence-based disaster risk reduction for sustainable development.
- The science community needs to enhance forecasting and visualization capabilities of new risks and their potential social impacts in order to prevent further disasters due to intensification of hazards.
- The disaster management community and the Earth observation community need to collaboratively enhance their capability to monitor existing risks and their social impacts and to mitigate disasters due to augmentation of vulnerabilities.
- IRDR and Future Earth need to bring practitioners and researchers together in collaborative efforts to improve disaster resilience.
- The international community needs to set up a process of encouraging existing and future programs and initiatives to create research networks and practices for promoting evidence-based disaster risk reduction for sustainable. development.